

# Memory complaints in older women may signal thinking problems decades later

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New research suggests that older women who complain of memory problems may be at higher risk for experiencing diagnosed memory and thinking impairment decades later. The study is published in the October 28, 2015, online issue of *Neurology*, the medical journal of the American Academy of Neurology.

"These memory complaints may be a very early symptom of a gradual disease process such as Alzheimer's disease," said study author Allison Kaup, PhD, with the San Francisco VA Medical Center and University of California San Francisco.

"Other studies have shown this association, however, our study followed women for longer than most other studies, following these women over the course of nearly 20 years."

Kaup said the memory complaints were enough to be noticeable to the women, but not significant enough to show up on a standard test.

For the study, 1,107 dementia-free women with an average age of 70 were asked several times over 18 years the same question: "Do you feel you have

more problems with memory than most?" At the end of the study, women completed tests of thinking abilities to diagnose whether they had memory or thinking impairment. Other important factors such as years of education, depression, [high blood pressure](#), diabetes, stroke and heart disease were considered.

A total of 89 women, or 8 percent, complained of memory problems at the start of the study. They were 70 percent more likely to develop a diagnosis of memory or thinking impairment during the study than women who did not have any memory complaints, with 53 percent of those with complaints developing a diagnosis compared to 38 percent of those with no memory complaints.

Women who had memory complaints 10 years before the end of the study were 90 percent more likely to develop a diagnosis than those with no memory complaints at 10 years prior. Women who had memory complaints four years before the end of the study were three times more likely to develop a diagnosis than women with no memory complaints four years prior.

"Our findings, though modest, provide further evidence that [memory complaints](#) in aging deserve close attention as a possible early warning sign of future thinking and [memory problems](#), even several years in advance," said Kaup.

She noted that since the study involved only European-American [women](#), the findings cannot be generalized to men and other racial or ethnic groups.

Provided by American Academy of Neurology

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