

Duration of estrogen deficiency linked to fibrosis risk in NAFLD

21 March 2016



(HealthDay)—For postmenopausal women with nonalcoholic fatty liver disease (NAFLD), longer duration of estrogen deficiency is associated with increased odds of having more severe fibrosis, according to a study published online Feb. 26 in *Hepatology*.

Jagpal Singh Klair, M.D., from the University of Arkansas for Medical Sciences in Little Rock, and colleagues examined the <u>correlations</u> of age at menopause and time from menopause with fibrosis severity in postmenopausal women with NAFLD. Data were included for 488 <u>postmenopausal women</u> with histologic diagnosis of NAFLD.

The researchers found that women with premature menopause (age at menopause of

APA citation: Duration of estrogen deficiency linked to fibrosis risk in NAFLD (2016, March 21) retrieved 11 October 2022 from

https://medicalxpress.com/news/2016-03-duration-estrogen-deficiency-linked-fibrosis.html



This document is subject to copyright. Apart from any fair dealing for the purpose of private study or research, no part may be reproduced without the written permission. The content is provided for information purposes only.