

# Social laughter releases endorphins in the brain

2 June 2017



Credit: CC0 Public Domain

Recent results obtained by researchers from Turku PET Centre, the University of Oxford and Aalto University have revealed how social laughter leads to endorphin release in the brain, possibly promoting establishment of social bonds. The more opioid receptors participants had in their brains, the more they laughed during the experiment. Social laughter leads to pleasurable feelings and significantly increased release of endorphins and other opioid peptides in the brain areas controlling arousal and emotions.

"Our results highlight that endorphin release induced by social laughter may be an important pathway that supports formation, reinforcement, and maintenance of [social bonds](#) between humans. The pleasurable and calming effects of endorphin release might signal safety and promote feelings of togetherness. The relationship between opioid receptor density and laughter rate also suggests that the opioid system may underlie individual differences in sociability," says Professor Lauri Nummenmaa from Turku PET Centre at the University of Turku.

"The results emphasise the importance of vocal communication in maintaining human social networks. Other primates maintain social contacts by mutual grooming, which also induces endorphin release. This is, however, very time consuming. Because social [laughter](#) leads to similar chemical response in the [brain](#), this allows significant expansion of human social networks. Laughter is highly contagious, and the endorphin response may thus easily spread through large groups that laugh together," says Professor Robin Dunbar from the University of Oxford.

The study was conducted using [positron emission tomography](#) (PET). The participants were injected with a radioactive compound binding to their brain's [opioid](#) receptors. Radioactivity in the brain was measured twice with the PET camera: after the participants had laughed together with their close friends, and after they had spent comparable time alone in the laboratory.

The findings were published on in the scientific journal *The Journal of Neuroscience*.

**More information:** Sandra Manninen et al, Social Laughter Triggers Endogenous Opioid Release in Humans, *The Journal of Neuroscience* (2017). [DOI: 10.1523/JNEUROSCI.0688-16.2017](https://doi.org/10.1523/JNEUROSCI.0688-16.2017)

Provided by University of Turku

APA citation: Social laughter releases endorphins in the brain (2017, June 2) retrieved 11 September 2022 from <https://medicalxpress.com/news/2017-06-social-laughter-endorphins-brain.html>

*This document is subject to copyright. Apart from any fair dealing for the purpose of private study or research, no part may be reproduced without the written permission. The content is provided for information purposes only.*