

## Study cites race and socioeconomic factors as influential in NSCLC patient survival rates

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New research found race and specific socioeconomic factors to have a significant influence on disparities in the survival rates of nonsmall cell lung cancer (NSCLC) patients. Dr. Yanyan Lou of the Mayo Clinic in the United States factors must be considered in the provision of care presented these findings today at the International Association for the Study of Lung Cancer (IASLC) 18th World Conference on Lung Cancer (WCLC) in "The study is the largest analysis on the correlation Yokohama, Japan.

While NSCLC patient outcomes have improved over time, the influence of race and socioeconomic NSCLC patients doesn't solely rely on factors on these outcomes has historically not been well studied. By using data from the National Cancer Database on NSCLC incident cases from 2004-2013 in the U.S., Dr. Lou and her team sought to determine whether a correlation exists between patients' overall survival (OS) and various Study of Lung Cancer socioeconomic factors and race.

Of the more than 1.1 million cases studied, 86.4 percent were White, 10.6 percent were Black, and smaller proportions were Asian and Hispanic. Income was fairly evenly distributed. Additionally, a majority of the cases were individuals who were insured, lived in a metro area and received care at non-academic facilities.

The researchers found that the median overall survival was significantly better for Asians and Hispanics as compared to Whites and Blacks. The range of medians between the highest (Asians) and lowest (Blacks) OS rates was over half a year (6.7 months). Additionally, they found that outcomes were worse when there was a higher rate of comorbidity with other diseases, advanced stage and treatment at a community or low-volume center. Finally, the researchers determined that specific socioeconomic factors were associated with worse outcomes, including lower education levels, lower median income and uninsured status.

Based on this study, the researchers determined that the influence of race and specific socioeconomic factors is significant. In order to ensure fair treatment and patient outcomes, these for NSCLC.

between race and socioeconomic factors and NSCLC outcomes to date," said Dr. Lou. "Our findings indicate that improving outcomes for advancements in medicine, but also on ensuring more equitable health care delivery."

Provided by International Association for the



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