

Major European nations suspend use of AstraZeneca vaccine

15 March 2021, by Frank Jordans



Germany's health minister said the decision to suspend AstraZeneca shots was taken on the advice of the country's vaccine regulator, the Paul Ehrlich Institute, which called for further investigation into seven cases of clots in the brains of people who had been vaccinated.

to be taken.

surging cases of COVID-19.

In this Monday, March 8, 2021 file photo a health worker shows the media how she prepares a dose of the AstraZeneca vaccine to be administered to a patient at a vaccination center set up in front of Rome's Termini central station. Nearly a dozen countries including Germany, France and Italy temporarily suspended their use of AstraZeneca's coronavirus vaccine after reports last week that some people in Denmark and Norway who got a dose developed blood clots, even though there's no evidence that the shot was responsible. (AP Photo/Alessandra Tarantino, File)

"Today's decision is a purely precautionary measure," Jens Spahn said.

for Thursday to review experts' findings on the

AstraZeneca shot and decide whether action needs

The furor comes as much of Europe is tightening restrictions on schools and businesses amid

French President Emmanuel Macron said his country will likewise suspend shots until at least Tuesday afternoon. Italy's drug regulator also announced a temporary ban, as did Spain, Portugal and Slovenia.

A cascading number of European countries—including Germany, France, Italy and Spain—suspended use of AstraZeneca's COVID-19 vaccine Monday over reports of dangerous blood clots in some recipients, though the company and international regulators say there is no evidence the shot is to blame.

AstraZeneca's formula is just one of three vaccines in use on the continent. But the escalating concern is another setback for the European Union's vaccination drive, which has been plagued by shortages and other hurdles and is lagging well behind the campaigns in Britain and the U.S.

The EU's drug regulatory agency called a meeting



A box of AstraZeneca vaccine is pictured in a pharmacy in Boulogne Billancourt, outside Paris, Monday, March 15, 2021. Germany, France and Italy on Monday became the latest countries to suspend use of AstraZeneca's COVID-19 vaccine over reports of dangerous blood clots



in some recipients. (AP Photo/Christophe Ena)

Other countries that have taken similar action over the past few days include Denmark, the first to do so, as well as Ireland, Thailand, the Netherlands, Norway, Iceland, Congo and Bulgaria. Canada and Britain are standing by the vaccine for now.

In the coming weeks, AstraZeneca is expected to apply for U.S. authorization of its vaccine. The U.S. now relies on Pfizer's, Moderna's and Johnson & Johnson's vaccines.

AstraZeneca said there have been 37 reports of blood clots out of more than 17 million people vaccinated in the 27-country EU and Britain. The drugmaker said there is no evidence the vaccine carries an increased risk of clots.

In fact, it said the incidence of clots is much lower than would be expected to occur naturally in a general population of this size and is similar to that of other licensed COVID-19 vaccines.

The World Health Organization and the EU's European Medicines Agency have also said that the data does not suggest the vaccine caused the clots and that people should continue to be immunized.

"Many thousands of people develop blood clots annually in the EU for different reasons," the European Medicines Agency said. The incidence in vaccinated people "seems not to be higher than that seen in the general population."

The agency said that while the investigation is going on, "the benefits of the AstraZeneca vaccine in preventing COVID-19, with its associated risk of hospitalization and death, outweigh the risks of side effects."



Jens Spahn, Federal Minister of Health, speaks at a press conference where he informed on the suspension of AstraZeneca's Corona vaccine at a press conference in Berlin, Germany, Monday, March 15, 2021. The German government says it is suspending use of AstraZeneca's coronavirus vaccine over fresh reports of dangerous blood clots in connection with the shot. (Kay Nietfeld/dpa via AP)

Blood clots can travel through the body and cause heart attacks, strokes and deadly blockages in the lungs. AstraZeneca reported 15 cases of deep vein thrombosis, or a type of clot that often develops in the legs, and 22 instances of pulmonary embolisms, or clots in the lungs.

The AstraZeneca shot has become a key tool in European countries' efforts to boost their sluggish vaccine rollouts. It is also pillar of a U.N.-backed project known as COVAX that aims to supply COVID-19 vaccines to poorer countries. That program continues unaffected by the European suspension.

Pfizer's and Moderna's vaccines are also used on the European continent, and J&J's one-shot vaccine has been authorized but not yet delivered.

Dr. Michael Head, a senior research fellow in global health at the University of Southampton in England, said there is no data yet to justify suspending the AstraZeneca vaccine and called the decision "baffling."



"Halting a vaccine rollout during a pandemic has consequences," Head said. "This results in delays in protecting people, and the potential for increased vaccine hesitancy, as a result of people who have seen the headlines and understandably become concerned."

Spahn, the German health minister, said of the decision to stop using the AstraZeneca vaccine: "The most important thing for confidence is transparency." He said both first and second doses Almost 940,000 people in Spain have received the would be suspended.

of the AstraZeneca vaccine, and about half of those reimposing restrictions in a bid to beat back a have so far been administered, compared with almost 7 million of the Pfizer shot and about 285,000 from Moderna.



In this Feb. 8, 2021 file photo, signs indicate the direction to follow to receive the Pfizer COVID-19 vaccine or the AstraZeneca COVID-19 vaccine at the South Ile-de-France Hospital Group in Melun, in the outskirts of Paris. Nearly a dozen countries including Germany, France and Italy temporarily suspended their use of AstraZeneca's coronavirus vaccine after reports last week that some people in Denmark and Norway who got a dose developed blood clots, even though there's no evidence that the shot was responsible. (Thomas Samson/Pool via AP, File)

German authorities have encouraged anyone who feels increasingly ill more than four days after receiving the shot—for example, with persistent

headaches or dot-shaped bruises—to seek medical attention.

The head of the Spanish Medicines Agency, Maria Jesús Lamas, said Spain detected its first case of clots on Saturday. She said the ban was "not an easy decision" because it further slows the nation's vaccination campaign, but it was the "most prudent" approach.

AstraZeneca shot.

Germany has received slightly over 3 million doses Some European countries, meanwhile, have begun resurgence in infections, many of them from variants of the original virus.

> In Italy, 80% of children nationwide couldn't attend classes after stricter rules in more regions took effect on Monday. In Poland, bolstered restrictions were applied to two more regions, including Warsaw. Paris could go into lockdown in a matter of days because intensive care units are getting swamped with COVID-19 patients.

And calls are growing in Germany to " pull the emergency brake" in regions where cases are rising.

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APA citation: Major European nations suspend use of AstraZeneca vaccine (2021, March 15) retrieved 27 July 2022 from https://medicalxpress.com/news/2021-03-major-european-nations-astrazeneca-vaccine.html

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